

Herald's Classified Ads.

Advertisements in the Classified columns are printed at the rate of five cents a line, invariable in amount. Hereafter no advertisement will be accepted unless accompanied by the cash.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—First class new hay, at 1000 and 1200 lbs. mixed. Call on 600 Main street. 25-27

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Light touring car, nearly new, standard make, full electric equipment. Box 623, city. 23-24

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Thrashing machine complete, ready for field. 20-hp engine, separator 22x56. Terms on sale. See McCabe, phone 288W. 21-121

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Modern room, for one or two gentlemen, at the Clairmont, 226 Fourth street. 25-27

FOR RENT—First class furnished room, with furnace heat, near high school, two blocks from Main street. 706 Seventh street. 25-27

MISCELLANEOUS

FARM LOANS—Money to loan on farm security. Rates reasonable. Terms good. For particulars, call or write, E. L. Elliott, attorney, Willis building, Klamath Falls, Ore. 11-42

FOR SALE OR TRADE—High grade touring car; will trade for well located timber claim or other property. Inquire at 200 Main street. 10-42

MONEY TO LOAN on city or farm property. Arthur E. Wilson. 11-42

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Girl or woman to do general housework; must be congenial to small children. Phone 67R. 25-27

COOK—Wants work on ranch or in camp, two children, 10 and 11; will guarantee satisfaction. Address box 505, Klamath Falls. 21-42

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—Purse containing money. See Chief of Police Baldwin. 21-42

Life, accident, burglary, liability and automobile insurance in leading companies. See Chilcote. 21

FEW FOLKS HAVE GRAY HAIR NOW

DRUGGIST SAYS LADIES ARE USING RECIPE OF SAGE TEA AND SULPHUR

Hair that loses its color and lustre, or when it fades, turns gray, dull and lifeless, is caused by a lack of sulphur in the hair. Our grandmother made up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women and men who value that even color, that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so attractive, use only this old time recipe.

Nowadays we get this famous mixture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so evenly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it, and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the gloss and lustre, and gives it an appearance of abundance.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite to impart color and a youthful appearance to the hair. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of dandruff—Adv.

The Chilcote agency is the home of the Wyeth companies. 11

Wood

GLASS, LIME AND BODY ground to any length. Our best product is delivered direct from the quarry, and is always dry. One load will convince you.

KLAMATH FUEL CO. 600 Main St. Phone 187

The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor

Published daily except Sunday at The Herald Publishing Company of Klamath Falls, at 115 Fourth street.

Entered at the postoffice at Klamath Falls, Oregon, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON MONDAY, JULY 31, 1916

SOME EMBARRASSING QUESTIONS

THE publicity bureau of the democratic national committee has published a catechism professedly propounded to Mr. Hughes, containing many embarrassing questions. We do not mean that they will embarrass Mr. Hughes. He should welcome them, for it estops the democrats from charging him with unfair use of "hindsight" wisdom. Had Mr. Hughes, at the moment of his nomination, specified the administration's sins of commission and omission, the president's defenders would have retorted: "You have been sitting back watching events and now, with all the facts before you, presume to say how you would have acted when you had but partial light."

But the persistent inquiries as to what Mr. Hughes would have done in specific cases, first made by the democratic newspapers and now adopted by the party committee, give Mr. Hughes the right to answer them, concretely. Never before within our recollection have a party and its representatives shown such impatience to learn the contents of the opposition candidate's speech of acceptance. Never before has the enemy made such a vigorous effort to supply the candidate with ammunition.

Mr. Hughes may not join issues with the democratic national committee. He may prefer to debate with Mr. Wilson himself. He is something of a cross-examiner, and probably wishes to inquire into some matters which the committee overlooked. But it is safe to predict that there is no subject really worth attention that Mr. Hughes will ignore. If the committee had taken the trouble to study his campaign speeches of 1908, it would have been undeluded of any conclusion that Mr. Hughes will evade vital issues. While waiting for Mr. Hughes' speech of acceptance, the committee might, for its own enlightenment, consult the constitution as to the war-making power, inquire into the normal operations of the Underwood tariff, study the history of monetary and rural credit legislation, review the Baltimore platform pledges, ascertain what currency law carried this country through the crisis at the outset of the war, go over Mr. Wilson's dealings with Europe and Mexico, chronologically, read his varying speeches on industrial and military preparedness and prepare itself generally to carry on an intelligent discussion with some candidate for constable.

Moving Pictures

The greater love of man is the theme of the new Holbrook Blinn World film feature which will be the attraction at the Star tonight. Although not wholly a happy ending motion picture, it is nevertheless a very gripping and absorbing film play, teaching a great



moral. "The Weakness of Man," as it is called, stands out as a distinct Holbrook Blinn achievement in comparison to other feature or near feature films. It is in five parts, directed by Barry O'Neill and staged with great precision in an entirely appropriate and befitting atmosphere.

Weekly Touring Trip—Auto leaves tomorrow morning for Bend, The Dalles, Columbia Highway and Portland. Returns by Salem, Roseburg and Medford, leaving Portland on Monday. Carry passengers to local points on route. For information inquire at office of R. E. Smith—Cramer Stage and Realty company, Portland. 21-14

THE ITALIAN ARMY

By JOHN H. HEARLEY (United Press Staff Correspondent)

ROME, July 1.—(By mail)—Italy today is fully satisfied with the results of the first year of the Austro-Italian war. The once strongly fortified Austrian mountain line from Guidicarie to Monfalcone practically is all in her hands. Only a small section of Italian territory in the neighborhood of Sette Comuni has been taken. The history of Italy's war on land reads like fiction. When the European war began, the Italian kingdom was unprepared. The standing army of 280,000 was disorganized and unequipped. Big and petty politics were dangerously mixed in it. The country's finances were in a bad way.

Italy's military house had to be put in order. All eyes turned to Luigi Cadorna, chief of the general staff. His father before him had led the Italians into Rome in 1870. Like him, he is a quiet man of few words and big deeds. Cadorna in twelve months worked wonders. The army was increased to more than 1,500,000, trained and equipped for all kinds of warfare. The hum of munition and gun-making machinery was heard through the land. The enemy, it was believed, would attempt to enter the country through the Trentino in the west and the Isonzo in the east. The Italian campaign was planned to retake Trent and Trieste, lock these two gates against invasion, and press on possibly to Vienna. The meeting of two Austrian armies on the historic plains of Lombardy for a possible conquest of Italy had to be prevented. The great battles Napoleon had fought on Lombardian soil had taught its lesson. Cadorna and his intimate associate, General Porro, laid their preliminary plans well. Both knew the tricky mountainous frontier of Austria, with its natural defenses and fortifications, perfectly. Disguised as beggars, they were said often to have studied every nook and cranny of the hostile border. Four fronts with fourteen zones were established, the Trentino, Dolomite, Carnia and Isonzo. At the very beginning of hostilities the right bank of the Isonzo, excepting the bridgeheads of Gorizia and Tolmino, fell before the Italian arms, followed by the capture of Monte Nero and Piave. These things took less than a month.

During July and August the invasion of Austrian territory continued. Extensive inroads on enemy soil were made, especially in the Carso and Trentino. By October the Isonzo front was blood soaked. The fighting about Gorizia, the key to Trieste, grew heavy early this year. March and April crowned the Italian offensive with the capture of Col di Lana. The Austrians in May delivered their first big offensive. A fierce onslaught was made on Monfalcone, which fell, but was later retaken. Meanwhile, on a fifty mile front in the Trentino 400,000 Austrians and immense quantities of ammunition were concentrated. Then came the tremendous attempt to open the way to Venetia. Thousands of Italians were

mowed down. For the first time in the war the enemy set foot on Italian soil, and about 500 square kilometers of territory was occupied. It was mountainous country, dotted with Alpine hamlets. The Italians still held about 4,000 square kilometers of enemy soil, including the fertile plains of Monfalcone and important villages.

The Italians then began to push back the enemy, slow, up-hill work. Meanwhile General Brusati was openly charged with responsibility for the Austrian invasion, and deprived of his command for "neglect of duty." This invasion cost the Italians 20,000 prisoners and almost as many in killed and wounded. Austrian losses were heavy, too. The initiation of the Russian offensive in early June relieved the pressure of the Italian front.

By then Italy's army had grown to almost 4,000,000 men, and plans for adding a million more were made. The Italian campaign has taken a tremendous toll in dead and wounded, because in the beginning Victor's forces were deployed in unfortified valleys, while the Austrians were strongly entrenched on the overlooking mountains. Uphill fighting had to be waged for many months before it was equalized. The Alpini have been the heroes of Italy's war. Their catlike agility is marvelous. They have been forced oftentimes to climb sheer walls of mountains, pulling up men and cannon behind them to begin the slow process of fortification. Trenches had to be tunneled in the rock or hewn in solid ice. Moving glaciers and avalanches added to the dangers, as also did heavy snows and bitter cold. Alpine warfare developed many innovations in military science. Like giants throwing huge snowballs, one army hurled avalanches at the other. Mountain hamlets and hundreds of combatants and non-combatants were wiped out by this picturesque arm of war. Specially made smoked glasses had to be worn by the soldiers as a protection against snow blindness. Freezing weather occasioned the invention of extremely warm but light clothing for the military. "Heat Balls" were invented. These were made by soaking rolls of tightly drawn paper in prepared oil and grease. When lighted they retained their heat and flame for about fifteen minutes. Ropes lifted baskets of them to Alpini and soldiers, fighting in the clouds, thousands of feet above the sea level. They were used to warm canned foods and soups. Skies and snow shoes were also introduced to war. Engagements between whole companies of Austrians and Italians on skies have been frequent.

The spirit of the Italian army is fine. Unofficial estimates place the Austrian losses at approximately 450,000, about 80,000 of which are said to be killed. Austrian prisoners are rumored to be near the 100,000 mark. These enemy damages, it is asserted, are not counterbalanced by the Italian casualties. The presence of the king in the field is an inspiration to the fighters.

were where many of these fights were staged.

However, the Austrians, it has been discovered, have a ready shelter along their Dalmatian coast in any naval emergency. The Dalmatian shore has countless hiding places whose entrances are cunningly mined against the enemy. It is in striking contrast to Italy's eastern coast, which generally is a long, barren stretch of sandy beach. As naval policemen of the western Mediterranean, the Adriatic and the Aegean, Italy's fleet in the main has proved a success. It is asserted. Italian gunners, who before the war were ridiculed by the enemy, apparently are now respected by the Americans. Frequent reports of the destruction of Austria's ships of cargo trickle out from authoritative sources. Austrian commerce at this moment is declared to be practically at a standstill. Italian submarines frequently steal into hostile waters with favorable results. One recently penetrated into the very harbor of Trieste and sank an enemy transport. The loss of life among the Austrians is reported to have been very heavy. All Italy, always mindful of the "unredeemed lands," wildly applauded the exploit. Rumors of Italy's new submarine were whispered here. An undersea boat of new pattern is said to be now in use. The Austrians are rumored to be terrorized by its effective uniqueness. Some speculators trace back the mysterious craft to an experimental undersea boat, tried out by the government before the war. This was the invention of Robiola, and to a certain extent resembled the "spider submarine" of Henry Ford's later imagination. It was a one-man craft, cheaply constructed and easily managed. High speed, smallness of size and lightness were its chief points of value. Special devices sought to provide for the constant safety of the operator. Air ships naturally are now an important adjunct of Italy's fleet. They are employed principally to scout and spy out hostile submarines and war craft. They are particularly the eyes of the country's southern and northern Adriatic coasts. Italian shore cities and towns show very little light after the sun's fall. Naples and its famous bay are pitch dark at night. Rumors that Austrian submarines are in the vicinity are constantly afloat. Fear of naval spies greatly disturbs the seaside people. As a result, several Americans lately have had some embarrassing moments. They have been arrested as suspicious characters, but shortly released. Anderson Polk, a lumber salesman of Baltimore and New York, was detained and examined while on a business trip to the wooded hills behind Naples.

CHESTERFIELD HERE

THE CELEBRATED CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST, IS IN TOWN. WILL REMAIN A FEW DAYS

Grant Chesterfield, the eminent thought reader and clairvoyant, arrived in Klamath Falls, and has secured quarters at the Washington Rooming house, Sixth and Pine streets, where he states he will give private readings in palmistry. He is the same man of mysteries as of old, and if press notices are to be relied upon his inexplicable powers are growing



stronger year after year. Chesterfield has read the palms of such noted persons as Baron Carl du Prell of Munich, Bavaria; Ionodis, the great Greek, William J. Bryan, ex-Governor Geer of Oregon, Senator C. K. Davis, Senator Teller, Rev. Samuel Jones, Admiral Schley, Sarah Bernhardt, Emma Calve, Mme. Nordica, and, in brief, a list without end.

He is looked upon in Eastern cities as a prophet, by others as a man of superhuman powers, and is a noteworthy scholar such as Desbarrolles, Balzac, Dumas, Germain, Craig, Allen, Cocles, Harshbarger, Aristotle and many others. It is said that he tells you what ails you, and whether or not you can be cured; if you will soon make changes in your business condition; if your home life is or will be happy; if you will be fortunate in your love affairs; if absent friends will return; if you will travel; what you are best fitted for in life; if you will win your lawsuit. Professor Chesterfield came from

Sacramento, and during his stay there fully 3,000 people consulted him. It is said that in his clairvoyant readings he actually tells you your name, age and the date of your birth. Seen yesterday at his parlors, he stated that he would remain but a few days in Klamath Falls. His parlors will remain open until 8 p. m. 31-11

Jewelry in Summer Time

JEWELRY designers know you want pretty, inexpensive ornaments during the outdoor season. Pins and buckles that are useful as well as beautiful—bracelets, rings, necklaces, LaVallieres that will add the last touch of exquisiteness to a dainty gown or suit and yet not be costly. Can't you step in today and let us show you the new designs and styles that are the vogue among those who pay particular attention to jewelry styles?

Frank M. Upp Jeweler 433 Main Street Watch Repairing a Specialty Southern Pacific Watch Inspector

LEGAL NOTICES

Summons In the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Klamath and State of Oregon. Jennie Cann, Plaintiff, vs. Henry Clay Cann, Defendant. To Henry Clay Cann, Defendant Above Named:

In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the 29th day of August, 1916, that being the last day of the time prescribed in the order of publication of this summons, and if you fail so to appear, plead, answer, demur or otherwise move, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, to-wit: For a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, for the changing of the name of the plaintiff from Jennie Cann to Jennie Fox, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem meet and as to equity appertain.

This summons is served upon you, the said defendant, by the publication thereof in the Evening Herald, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed and published at Klamath Falls, Klamath county, Oregon, once a

week for six successive weeks, the first publication to be made July 27, 1916, and the last publication August 29, 1916, by order of the Honorable Marion Hanks, Judge of the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, in circuit judge being in Klamath county, Oregon, at the time of making said order, which was made, dated and filed in this suit on July 15, 1916.

W. H. A. RENNEN, Attorney for Plaintiff. 27-31-37-43-51-57-63

Notice to Creditors

Notice is hereby given that, as designated has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of William H. Lockmon, deceased, by the county court of Klamath county, Oregon, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present same to me at the law office of R. C. Groesbeck, in Klamath Falls, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice, verified as by law required.

Dated at Klamath Falls, Oregon, July 24, 1916. ROBERT L. DAVIDSON, Administrator of the Estate of William H. Lockmon, deceased. 24-31-7-14-21

Notice of Bond Sale

Notice Inviting Proposals to Purchase City of Merrill Refunding Bonds and Water Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Recorder of the City of Merrill, Oregon, until August 12, 1916, at the hour of 8 o'clock p. m. (at which time proposals to purchase will be opened and considered) for the purchase of \$3,800, or any part thereof, city of Merrill refunding bonds, payable July 1, 1931, with the option of the city to pay them, or any of them in numerous order, from and after July 1, 1921; said bonds to be issued in denominations of \$500 and one bond in the sum of \$500. Also for the purchase of \$6,000 or any part thereof of water bonds, payable July 1, 1926, in denominations of \$500. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding warrants of the city, and for the purpose of providing water and fire protection, all under the provisions of section 136 of the charter of the City of Merrill.

Said bonds are to bear interest at the rate designated in the successful bid, not to exceed 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on July 1 and January 1 of each year, at the office of the treasurer of said city, in United States gold coin.

Each proposal to purchase must be accompanied by a check, certified by some responsible banking institution, to the amount of 5 per cent of the proposal, made payable to the Recorder of Merrill. Proposals must be sealed and endorsed "Proposal to Purchase Refunding Bonds" or "Proposal to purchase Water Bonds."

The council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Dated at Merrill, Oregon, July 1, 1916.

FRANK D. OLNEY, Recorder of the City of Merrill, Oregon. 7-301

Teach the Youngster to Save

And you will be conferring upon him a blessing that he will thank you for again and again. The habits of saving acquired in youth will be his comfort and mainstay in time of trouble or when old age approaches. Why not open a small account here in his name and start him on the road to prosperity.



FIRST STATE AND SAVINGS BANK KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON

UPPER LAKE TRAFFIC

We are agents for Calhoun & Hamilton's mail, passenger and freight boats on the Upper Klamath Lake. Boats leave this office every morning except Sunday, at 7:00.

Western Transfer Co. MAIN STREET, NEAR FIFTH PHONE 187

BATH CAPS 50c to \$1.00

YOU CANNOT afford to let dust gather in your hair when you are sweeping or dusting, and you do not like to allow your hair to get wet while bathing. One of our beautiful bathing caps will protect you perfectly.

Underwood's Pharmacy KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON